

CHAPTER XII.

FROM 1805 TO 1815.

By authority of the Legislature, PHILIP CARRIGAIN, Esq., of Concord, was at this time engaged in preparing a new map of the State. To aid in the work, surveys were ordered by towns. The survey of this town "was sold at public vendue," and bid off by Capt. Edmund Leavitt, for one hundred dollars. Capt. Leavitt lived on the east side of the river, possessed a good knowledge of surveying, and executed a handsome map of the town, copies of which are in the hands of Jonathan Eastman, Esq., and William Prescott, M. D.

John Bradley, Jonathan Wilkins and Ebenezer Dustin were appointed a committee, March 27th, to meet the committee of Boscawen in building and supporting a bridge across Contoocook river. The bridge was formerly considerably lower down the river than where it is now located. The committee reported in favor of supporting "one half of the bridge across Contoocook river at the old place;" which report the town accepted, and voted to raise two hundred and fifty dollars to carry the same into effect. Subsequently the bridge became a source of litigation between the towns.*

CONCORD BANK.

By an act of the Legislature, June 18, 1806, "Timothy Walker, Caleb Stark, John Bradley, John Mills, Robert Harris, Ebenezer Peasley, Richard Ayer, William Whittle, William A. Kent,

* See Document No. 2, for Chap. VIII.

Joshua Darling, Thomas W. Thompson, Aquila Davis, John Chandler, Baruch Chase, Joseph Towne and Joseph Clough, and their associates," were incorporated "by the name of the President, Directors and Company of the Concord Bank; for a period of twenty years, with a capital of not less than \$50,000 nor more than \$200,000, in specie."

In proceeding to organize for the transaction of business under their charter, special difficulties were encountered, growing chiefly, it is said, out of questions of *location* and *management*. Already there was a "north end" and a "south end" interest. In the former was Hon. Timothy Walker, and in the latter Col. William A. Kent, with whom, respectively, others took sides, according to their own ideas of interest. The result, however, was, two banks went into operation under the same charter, one called "The Upper Bank," and the other "The Lower Bank," each claiming exclusively to be the "*Concord Bank*." Of the Upper Bank, Timothy Walker was first president and Samuel Sparhawk, from Portsmouth, cashier. Of the Lower Bank, Joseph Towne, of Hopkinton, was president, and William A. Kent cashier. For several years a disagreeable competition existed between them. On the part of the upper bank a run was made upon the lower, for the payment in specie of their bills. By the lower bank, or by persons interested therein, suits were commenced against the other for issuing bills contrary to law; and hence a litigation as to which was the lawful Concord Bank, was continued for a considerable time. In 1808 one Nehemiah Jones commenced a suit against Timothy Walker, containing more than a hundred counts, which embraced all the questions at issue.* In these suits the late Jeremiah Mason was employed as Jones's counsel. Tradition says that, after a while, Mason, perceiving the difficulties of the subject, and disposed to adjust the matter between the parties, signified to his client "that as he had got into *gentlemen's* company he must expect to pay a *gentleman's* price." Soon after, the rival banks came to an agreement, at least so far as to cease from vexing one another; both obtained credit with the public, and continued to do business under one charter till the expiration of twenty years—then the upper bank

* See printed volume, entitled "*Pleadings, Jones v. Walker*," in N. H. Hist. Soc. Library.

obtained a new charter, and took the name of Merrimack County Bank. A new brick building was erected for its use, in 1826, on the house-lot owned by the corporation, where the bank has continued to flourish until the present time.

The lower bank obtained a modification and extension of its charter, in 1826; and continued to do business till 1840, when it failed, to the great loss of the stockholders and the detriment of the public.

1807.

Agreeably to a law of the State, passed in 1805, the town appointed a committee, April 8, 1807, consisting "of one from each school district where orders have been drawn for school money annually," together with the selectmen, "to district the town into school districts." The committee consisted of Eliphalet Emery, Richard Ayer, Paul Rolfe, John Garvin, Levi Abbot, Asa Herrick, Nathan Ballard, jr., Moses Abbot, Samuel Davis, William Eastman, Abel Baker, Nathaniel Rolfe, Stephen Farnum, John Eastman, Nathaniel Ambrose, Jonathan Virgin and Asa Kimball. The selectmen were Ebenezer Dustin, Enoch Coffin and Edmund Leavitt. The residence and number of members of this committee show that schools were at this time kept in at least sixteen places in town; and that the law of the State authorizing towns to lay out districts, only legalized what had already substantially been done. The local school districts, though not exactly defined and bounded, preceded the passage of the law. The committee above appointed chose Ebenezer Dustin, chairman, and John Odlin, clerk, and in May following laid out the town into sixteen school districts, as follows,* viz:

- District No. 1. At Horse Hill, so called;
- " " 2. The Borough, so called;
- " " 3. West Village of Concord;
- " " 4. West Parish, where Capt. Samuel Knowlton lives;
- " " 5. West of Long Pond;
- " " 6. At Little Pond, where Nathan Ballard lives;
- " " 7. On Hopkinton road, three miles from Main street;
- " " 8. At Millville, so called;
- " " 9. South end of Main street;

* For the bounds of these districts, see Town Records, 1807, pp. 310-316.

District No. 10. Middle of Main street ;

“ “ 11. North end of Main street ;

“ “ 12. In the East Village, south part ;

“ “ 13. On the Mountain, so called ;

“ “ 14. At Snaptown, so called, north-east part of the town ;

“ “ 15. On Loudon road, where Hon. Jacob A. Potter lives ;

“ “ 16. At Garvin's Falls, so called.

The districts formed at subsequent periods are :

No. 17. By dividing district No. 8, on the line between Concord and Hopkinton.

“ 18. By dividing district No. 9.

“ 19. By dividing district No. 12.

“ 20. By dividing district No. 2, now in Fisherville.

“ 21. By dividing district No. 13.

“ 22. On the Dark Plain, so called, towards Chichester.

“ 23. Near the line between Concord and Bow, beyond Mr. James Hall's.

In thus districting the town, the selectmen “ determined that the lands owned by persons residing without the limits of Concord shall be taxed in the several school districts, for school purposes.”

In March, 1808, thirty dollars were ordered to be raised “ to build, of wood, a pound ; to be located near the meeting-house.” This pound was at first located a few rods north of the meeting-house ;— afterwards it was removed to Pond Hill, where it remained till about 1826.

The selectmen were authorised to purchase powder and ball, and other articles that the law requires, for a town stock.

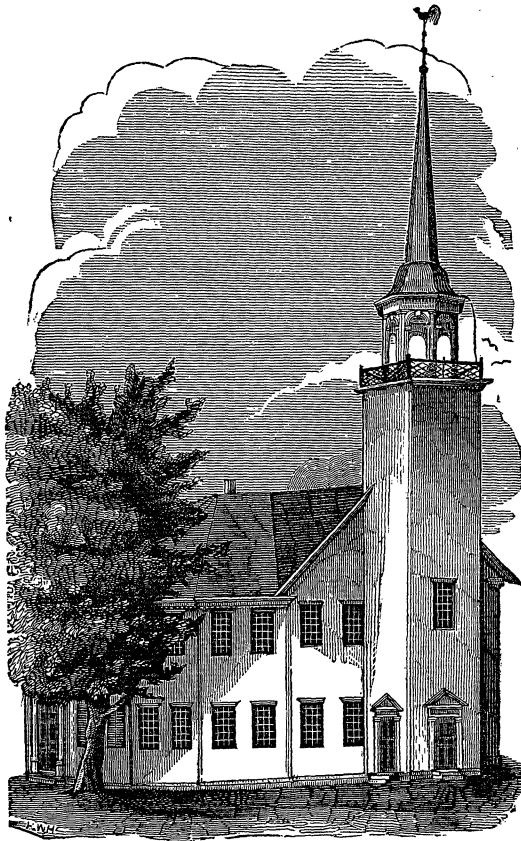
To procure a *bell* for the meeting-house, it was determined “ to sell the ground of two of the front seats on the floor of the meeting-house,” which should be made into pews, and the money arising from said sale to be appropriated towards purchasing a bell, when a sufficient sum in addition shall be subscribed for the purpose. The ground for the pews was sold at “ public vendue,” at the house of William Stickney, March 27th, and bid off as follows :

1. To Peter Robertson,	\$86.00
2. “ Daniel Greenleaf,	86.25
3. “ Bowen Crehore,	68.00
4. “ George Hough,	67.25
	<hr/>
	\$307.50

October 19th, the selectmen, by request, laid out for a road that part of State street, extending from Pleasant to School street, three rods in width; the land being given for the purpose by Benjamin Gale, George Hough, Thomas G. Stevens, Josiah Rogers and William A. Kent.

1810.

THE MEETING-HOUSE.



The meeting-house, which, as mentioned in the preceding chapter, was enlarged in 1802, received this year the addition of a *bell*—with the sound of which the people appeared to be so much pleased that they provided for ringing it three times a day. At the meeting in March it was voted, “that the bell be rung at seven o’clock in the morning, twelve at noon, and nine at night, except Sundays, — and the selectmen di-

rect the time on Sundays;” “that the ringing of the bell and the care of the meeting-house be set up to the lowest bidder, and that the person bidding off the same give bonds to the selectmen for the faithful performance of the same;” “that twenty-five dollars be

raised for ringing the bell, and paid to Sherburn Wiggin—it being bid off by him agreeable to the above vote.”

SWINE.

Heretofore swine had had a *lawless* range in Concord: but this year they were not only to be “yoked and rung,” but confined. Hence, *Voted*, “That for every swine found running at large at any season, in the Main street, between John Bradley’s, Esq., and John Colby’s, the owner be liable to the same penalty, and to be recovered in the same way, as for swine going at large unyoked and unrung in the season that the law requires them to be yoked and rung.”

By request of William A. Kent, Samuel Green, Simeon G. Hall, Benjamin Gale, George Hough, Joshua Abbot, jr., and William Stickney, the selectmen, in September of this year, laid out that part of State street, from the corner where the house of the late James Buswell stands, to what is now called School street, to meet the portion of the street laid out the year previous. As a compensation for the land taken for this road, they awarded to the owners of the land as follows: “to James Buswell, six dollars; to Joshua Abbot, jr., fifty cents; to William Stickney, twenty-five cents; to Simeon G. Hall, twenty-five cents; to Timothy Abbot, thirty dollars; to William A. Kent, twenty-five cents; to Ebenezer Dustin, twenty-five cents; to Richard Ayer, twenty-five cents; to Abel Hutchins, twenty-five cents; to George Connell, ten dollars; and to Peter Robertson, twenty-five cents.

At the same time the selectmen laid out that part of what is now Washington street—two rods wide—from State to Main street.

Benjamin Emery, jr., bid off “the ringing of the bell, taking care of and sweeping the meeting house,” at thirty-nine dollars.

1812.

The liberty of the swine was still further abridged. March 9th, *Voted*, “That no swine be allowed to run at large on the road from Concord bridge to Boscawen bridge, under a penalty to the owner of twenty-five cents for each offence.”

STATE PRISON.

Before State street was made, the building of the State

Prison was commenced. The land, consisting of about two acres, was given by the late Mr. Joshua Abbot. The location was thought to be quite out of the way of business and of population. The superintendant in the building was Stuart J. Park, Esq., who afterwards built the State House. The prison was built entirely of granite, quarried from Rattlesnake Hill. The part which now forms the south wing, originally constructed, was seventy feet in length, thirty-six wide, and walls three feet in thickness: in this the prisoners were confined. There were in all thirty-six cells, the dimensions of which were eight feet by nine, with the exception of six in the upper story, for the accommodation of the sick, &c., which were ten feet by seventeen. The yard was enclosed by a faced wall of granite, fourteen feet high, surrounded by a range of pickets ten feet in length. The first cost of the building to the State, with the appurtenances, was about thirty-seven thousand dollars. It was completed in 1812. The first person committed to the prison was *John Drew*, of Meredith, Strafford county. He was committed for horse-stealing, November 24, 1812, for five years! The prison has since been greatly enlarged and improved.

EXTINGUISHMENT OF FIRES.

A committee, consisting of Thomas W. Thompson, Charles Walker and Samuel Green, Esqrs., was appointed, March 9th, to report at the next meeting a "by-law for the extinguishment of fires;" and one hundred dollars were voted to purchase "*fire-hooks*, and make the necessary repairs to the engine." This appears to have been the first step which the town took towards organizing an effective fire department. The committee, composed of able lawyers, drafted a by-law, which was approved and adopted by the town. It provided, (1,) for the appointment of a suitable number of fire-wards, who should have, for a distinguishing badge of their office, a staff, five feet long, painted red, and headed with a bright spire, six inches long—to be purchased at the expense of the town. (2.) They should have authority to require and demand assistance of any inhabitants of the town to extinguish fires; direct their labors, suppress disorders, &c. (3.) To search and inspect houses, and places where danger

was apprehended of fires; and to order the removal of combustibles, &c.*

THE WAR OF 1812.

Soon after the declaration of war, by Congress, against England, in 1812, Concord was selected as the place of rendezvous, both for soldiers destined for the defence of the northern frontiers and of the sea-coast. The large house built by Philip Carrigain, near the north end of Main street, about 1799, was occupied for barracks.† Gen. Aquila Davis, of Warner, had command of a regiment of volunteers for the northern army, of which John Carter, of Concord, was lieutenant-colonel. About this time, or early in 1813, Joseph Low, of Amherst, came to Concord, holding a lieutenant's commission in Capt. Benjamin Bradford's company, which marched to the frontiers. At the close of the campaign in 1813 Mr. Low had charge of the recruiting service here. He was also pay-master and quarter-master in the regiment to which he belonged. Lieut. Col. Darrington, a recruiting officer for the United States service, had barracks for his soldiers at the lower end of Main street, opposite the house of the late Dea. Willey. The whole number of soldiers who had their rendezvous in Concord in 1812 and 1813 was reckoned at about five hundred.

At the annual town meeting in March, 1813, some of the volunteer soldiers attempted to vote contrary to the decision of the moderator, Col. William A. Kent. The affair, which was attended with great excitement at the time, is thus referred to in the town records:

"*Voted*, That the conduct of one McCoy, a volunteer in the service of the United States, and not belonging to this town, in attempting, yesterday, in defiance of the moderator of the meeting, to vote for State and County officers, deserves severe censure; but his act of *collaring* the moderator while in the exercise of his official duty, we consider an outrage of the most destructive character.

"*Voted*, That the thanks of this meeting be given to William

* See Town Records, 1813, p. 376; also, list of officers for 1812.

† The house is now owned by Robert E. Pecker and Jonathan E. Lang.

A. Kent, Esq., the moderator, for his temperate, resolute and judicious conduct upon that occasion."

To which vote the moderator made the following reply :

" *Fellow Citizens*, — This expression of your approbation of my conduct, as presiding officer at the election of your State officers yesterday, demands my grateful acknowledgment.

" Aware of the responsibility attached to the office of moderator, and having intimation of the claiming that was intended by the soldiers stationed in this town, calling themselves *United States Volunteers*, to interfere in our election, I endeavored so to decide respecting their voting, as would, I hoped, satisfy every man who regarded the rights of the *citizen*. With this view I was led to extend the right of suffrage to what was, in my opinion, and that of many others, a doubtful case : — I mean, that of admitting the votes of those in the service of the United States who were inhabitants of this town at the time of their enlistment, and not yet departed from it. The arguments in favor of their admission were, that in consequence of the rendezvous being in Concord, they had not yet left their *habitations* ; that some of them had families here ; and that they had paid taxes to the town for the year which had not yet expired.

" Having no disposition to abridge the right of suffrage, I was willing to give all possible weight to these considerations ; and if I erred, that it should be *in favor* of that privilege. I therefore received their votes. Here I thought it my duty to stop. The soldiers from the barracks, who never were recognized as *inhabitants*, could not, in my view of the subject, be so considered, for the purpose of electing or being elected into office. I was yesterday proceeding to state the grounds of my opinion on this subject ; but meeting with interruption, evidently intended to protract the meeting to a late hour, I determined to proceed no farther in that attempt, but to come at once to that ground which I determined to maintain at the hazard of my life.

" I considered *faithfulness* no less a duty in a moderator than impartiality. I viewed it as an important crisis, as it respected this town, and perhaps the State. This may be the place in which a *standing army* shall first attempt to lay prostrate the rights and liberties of the *citizen*. I decided that these ballots should not be received in any way or manner. The insult offered to the town by the assault on its representative, I doubt not is duly felt by my fellow citizens ; and I rejoice that notwithstanding the difference of opinion respecting our national politics, so many of those who differ from me on that part united in reprobating and resenting that indignity."

The *scarlet fever* broke out among the soldiers early in March, 1813, which was very malignant and fatal. It spread also among the inhabitants. The whole number of cases was two hundred and forty-seven : of which, of inhabitants, ninety-three, and

deaths six ; of regular soldiers, forty-nine, and deaths seven ; of volunteers, one hundred, and deaths twenty-four.*

For accommodation of sick soldiers, a building was erected, as a hospital, upon land owned by Mr. Nathaniel Abbot, west of the State Prison ; which was afterwards sold, and the proceeds applied to liquidate the cost of building.† A Dr. Bartley, (probably of Londonderry,) was engaged to aid in taking care of the sick inhabitants ; for whose compensation the town voted, " that the selectmen should collect what they could from the persons whom the doctor visited, and the remainder of his bill be paid out of any money belonging to the town."

Of soldiers belonging to Concord who marched to the northern frontiers, the following were in Capt. Flanders' company, 45th regiment, of which *Marshall Baker*, of Concord was first lieutenant: Ebenezer Frye, James Emerson, John Uran, Daniel Arlin, Jonathan Uran, Jonathan B. Worth, Nathaniel Parker, James Elliot, Samuel Emerson.

In the 4th regiment were John Elliot, Jonathan Uran,‡ John Dunlap, John Virgin, and James Dunlap, who died.

James Elliot reënlisted in the fourth regiment ; Asa Hardy served in both the forty-fifth and fourth ; Jonathan Elliot was on

* The names of the soldiers who died of scarlet fever in this town, 1813, as recorded by the late John Farmer, Esq., were —

- March 6. Joshua Belknap ;
- " 16. Kendrick Houghton.
- " 17. John C. Boyd.
- April 4. James Taggart, of Hillsborough.
- " 7. Samuel Davis, Chester.
- " 7. Bradbury M. Carr, Chester.
- " 9. Nathan Stearns, Goffstown.
- " 13. John Abbott, Warner.
- " 13. Elias Davis, Bow.
- " 14. One Jones.
- " 15. Alexander Witherspoon, Bridgewater.
- " 16. Isaac Smith, Goshen.
- " 17. William Gage, Wendell.
- " 18. Ebenezer Woodbury, Dunbarton.
- " 18. Robert Crawford, Bridgewater.
- " 18. ———
- " 19. ——— Whitney, Henniker.
- " 19. David Patch, New-Boston.
- " 19. David Hart, Goffstown.

† Mr. Abbot bought the building, moved it on to Main street and fitted it up for a dwelling-house. It now forms a part of the house owned by Dea. James Moulton, on Washington street.

‡ He served part of the time in the 45th and part in the 4th regiment.

the peace establishment, and died at Rock Island, in the Mississippi river, Illinois. Timothy Abbot, of Andover, was a Concord recruit.*

In 1814, August 29th, the selectmen were authorized "to hire all soldiers which may be called for, in lieu of drafting." In March, 1815, they were directed to pay four dollars per month to each soldier detached for the defence of Portsmouth, in the service of the United States. As Portsmouth, the only sea-port in New-Hampshire, was in peculiar danger from armed vessels of the enemy, public attention was particularly directed to that quarter. For the names of the men from Concord, stationed there in 1812, '13, '14, and '15, with their respective commanders, reference must be had to the documentary chapter.†

Capt. Peter Robertson's volunteer company of artillery, that was in service twenty days, from September 10th to 29th, marched from Concord on the Sabbath, passing the old North Church, over Federal bridge, thence on the turnpike to Portsmouth. In this company were several highly respected citizens still living.

But the spirit of patriotism was not confined to the men who actually marched to the field of danger. Venerable, aged men, some of whom had served in the War of the Revolution, who were exempted from active service, offered themselves for the defence of their country.

Sometime in September, 1814, at the instance of JOHN T. GILMAN, the then Governor of New-Hampshire, a public call was made for volunteers of that class of citizens who were by law exempt from military duty, in the ranks of the militia, to form themselves into companies, for the purpose of home defence in case of necessity from invasion. Some of the most respectable citizens of Concord immediately responded to the call; held a public meeting, and organized a company for that purpose, numbered the sixth company of volunteers. The officers chosen by the company were—Stephen Ambrose, Esq., captain; Samuel Sparhawk, Esq., 1st lieutenant, then Secretary of State; Nathan Ballard, Esq., 2d lieutenant; Ezra Hutchins, ensign; Moses Long, 1st sergeant, orderly and clerk; G. W. Rogers, ex-cap-

*Reminiscences of Lieut. Marshall Baker. See Baker family, in Genealogical Chapter.

† Document No. 1, for Chapter XII.

tain, 2d do.; Samuel Davis, West Parish, ex-captain, 3d do.; Samuel Runnels, 4th do. Corporals not recollected. There were some over an hundred privates enrolled in the company, many of whom had held offices, both civil and military, as the secretary of the State and treasurer, seven justices of the peace, one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, one major, and nineteen captains. Quite a majority of the company were made up of some of the most respectable citizens and yeomanry of the town; among whom may be recollected the elder Esq. Bradley, Esq. Charles Walker, Wm. Stickney, inn-keeper, Capt. Richard Ayer, Major Timothy Chandler, Capt. Edmund Leavitt, Capt. Charles Eastman, Capt. Jacob Eastman, Jeremiah Pecker, Millen Kimball, Asa Kimball, Asa Graham,* &c., &c.

The meeting preliminary to forming the above company was held September 10, at Stickney's hall; Col. Wm. A. Kent, chairman; Seth Tucker, clerk. A committee, consisting of Col. Wm. A. Kent, Stephen Ambrose, Jonathan Eastman, Isaac Dow, and John George, reported the following preamble and resolution, which were adopted:

"Whereas, in defence of our altars and fire-sides, our property and our country, Americans can have but one opinion:

Resolved, That it is expedient to form a military association in the town of Concord, of such persons as are not enrolled in the militia, to be in readiness, at a moment's warning, to act under the direction of the Commander-in-Chief, for the defence of the State."

Capt. Richard Ayer, Capt. John Eastman, Hon. Wm. A. Kent, Mr. Isaac Dow, Mr. Philbrick Bradley, Mr. Daniel Clark, Ballard Hazeltine, Esq., Mr. John Garvin, Capt. Samuel Runnels, Nathan Ballard, jr., Timothy Carter, Esq., and Capt. Pearl Kimball, were appointed a committee to give information, and form a plan, &c., for the association, which was duly organized.

This company of venerable men, fully armed and equipped, paraded in town, October 1, and marched through Main street. "Their appearance was accompanied with the proud conviction

*Reminiscence, by Dr. Moses Long, of Rochester, N. Y., who was clerk of the company.

that this nation can never be conquered when such defenders shoulder the musket.”*

A squad, or small company of volunteers, was also formed in East Concord, in consequence of a rumor that the British intended to destroy the United States seventy-four gun ship Washington, then on the stocks at Kittery, Maine. This company was also under drill by Dr. Moses Long, and consisted of about twenty men, of whom Gen. Isaac Eastman, Gen. Simeon Stevens and Col. Robert Ambrose, are recollected.†

MISCELLANEOUS INCIDENTS.

On Thursday evening, August 17th, 1809, at about half an hour before midnight, the inhabitants of the town were roused from sleep by the dismal cry of “*fire! fire!*” supposed to have originated from the heat of an air furnace or forge in the clock manufactory of Major Timothy Chandler. The manufactory, with all its contents, house, barn, (full of hay,) &c., sheds, and other buildings belonging to Maj. Chandler, with two large barns of hay, belonging to Robert Harris, Esq., were consumed. Maj. Chandler’s loss was estimated at \$5.000; for his relief \$1.200 were generously subscribed by inhabitants of the town and of the vicinity. Mr. Harris’s loss was about \$1000.

MAD DOG.

A dog, belonging to Mr. Charles Emery, supposed to be mad, bit a number of other dogs, and snapped at several persons. He was immediately killed.‡

Died in this town, January 16, 1810, Henry, the only son of Mr. Henry Chandler, aged about nine years. At his funeral the scholars of the fifth school district, of which the deceased was a member, being clad in mourning, formed a procession, walked to the house, preceded by Peter C. Farnum, Esq., preceptor of the

* *N. H. Patriot*, October 4, 1814. † Dr. Long. ‡ *Patriot*, August 29, 1809.

school, and attended the funeral. The regularity and decorum of these youths reflected credit on themselves and their instructor.

Mr. Abraham Osgood, who lived in school district number fourteen, came to his death by a wound received from a mill-saw.* He was sitting on the log, in meditation, and was imperceptibly drawn so near to the saw that it caught him, and before he could extricate himself was mortally wounded — deep incisions being made in his side through the ribs, into his abdomen. With great strength and firm nerve he turned the saw some inches from its course; shut down the gate, and walked a few rods to a near house, from which he was borne on a litter to his home, and in about three weeks died, aged forty-four.

Several creatures which were bitten by a mad dog in the month of April died about three weeks afterwards, exhibiting all the symptoms of canine madness.

EXTRAORDINARY CALF.

A cow belonging to Mr. Abner Farnum, jr, of this town, last week brought two calves, one of which had two perfect heads, with two back bones running parallel to each other — two perfect intestines — two hearts, &c., with only four legs. Its body was about the size of a common calf at a month old. The other calf was of perfect shape and the common size — both lived for a short time.†

The tannery of Mr. Abner Farnum, jr., of Concord, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday, 27th February, 1811.

Married in this town, Mr. *Ebenezer Ball* to Miss *Nancy Cummere*.

When Cupid with his fiery dart
Had pierc'd this maiden to the heart,—
The most extraordinary thing of all,
She's not afraid to face a *Ball*.

J. W.‡

Married in this town, Mr. *Robert Ambrose* to Mrs. *Cleasby*, the ages of both (79 and 67) make 146 years. One great-granddaughter, 18 years of age, attended the wedding.§

*The date is not certainly known, but sometime in 1810. The occurrence took place at "Lovejoy's Mills," so called. Mr. O. was born in Salisbury, Mass.

† *Patriot*, January 22, 1811: ‡ *Id.*, March 26, 1811. § *Id.*, April 12, 1811.

Capt. John *Roche*, or *Roach*, died in this town May 11, 1811, aged 74. He was a native of Cork, Ireland, and came to Concord during the Revolutionary War, about 1778. The tradition is that Capt. Roach was the master of a vessel engaged in the fur trade. Having loaded at Quebec for London, he most *unaccountably* got out of his latitude and made Portsmouth harbor, where he disposed of his furs on his own account! He afterwards married Major Robert Rogers'* wife, [who was divorced from her husband,] whose maiden name was Elizabeth Furness, of Portsmouth.† Moving to Concord, he settled on the farm lately owned by Gov. Isaac Hill. The house where he lived is still standing — known as the "Rogers House." Many anecdotes are related of Capt. Roach, which, as they illustrate *vices* rather than *virtues* of character, may be passed over. He was, however, a regular customer at Mother Osgood's tavern and at the store kept by John Stevens. The story is told that he often bought New-England rum in a wooden bottle or small keg; but sometimes a trick would be played upon him, by taking out the stopple, or boring the bottle with a gimblet, in which cases the Captain would discharge a volley of oaths!

Benjamin Hanniford died on the 6th of May, and was interred on the 9th in the Friends' Burying Ground.

CELEBRATION OF AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE JULY 4, 1811.

The anniversary of American Independence was celebrated in Concord by the republican citizens of this and the adjoining towns, those of Amherst and Wilton, and by other gentlemen from various parts, with greater splendor, dignity and hilarity, than had been witnessed on any former occasion in this State. At the dawn of the morning a salute of eighteen guns was fired from the Artillery, stationed near Capt. Solomon Mann's, which was answered by an equal number from the ship President, lying at anchor near Concord Bridge. At ten o'clock an immense collection of republicans met in convention at Capt. Mann's, and

* The spy-glass used by Maj. Rogers in the French War, is now in possession of Mr. Charles Hutchins, of Concord.

† Related by Hon. C. E. Potter.

chose Hon. TIMOTHY WALKER president of the day, with other officers.

A procession was formed, the centre of which was opposite Major Timothy Chandler's, which, at a signal gun from the ship President, moved to the meeting-house, where prayer was offered by the Rev. Mr. RUTER, of Northfield. The Declaration of Independence was read, and an oration delivered by CHARLES G. HAINES, Esq., of Canterbury.

At the close of the exercises at the meeting-house the procession marched to the bower appointed for the entertainment; but on the way a naval battle was fought between the ship President and His Majesty's sloop of war, the *Little Belt*, of which we have the following notice:

“SHIPPING MEMORANDA.”

“INTERESTING INTERIOR SHIP NEWS. The United States frigate *President*, sailing with four wheels on dry land, emblematic of our dry dock policy, and mounting one iron and twelve wooden swivels, while passing Horse Shoe Pond, near Concord, N. H., the 4th inst., fired upon the British sloop-of-war *Little Belt*, (an old canoe, or rather, a hollow log, each end being well secured with mud to keep it from sinking,) and, shocking to tell, made such havoc and confusion among the musketos, that she struck her colors and surrendered at discretion.”

After this glorious victory the President hauled her wind, tacked to the southward and came in under an easy sail to the bank of the bower — east of Mr. Mann's tavern — for the entertainment prepared; where, after a grand salute of eighteen guns, which was answered by an equal number from the artillery, and three cheers from her crew, which were responded to by the spectators, she dropped her anchors.

After dinner toasts were drank, with appropriate music, amid the thunder of artillery.

The following volunteer toast was offered by Timothy Dix, Esq., father of Hon. John A. Dix, of New-York:

“God guard our President from harm,
Long may he weather out the storm;
Long may he live to quell his foes,
And hold the Essex Junto by the nose.”

About four hundred dollars in money and produce were subscribed by the citizens of Concord, for the relief of sufferers by fire in Newburyport, Mass.

POST RIDER'S NOTICE.

"Look Ye!

"From Concord to Walpole through Charlestown, I say,
I have rode through the mud and the dust of the day :—
I have met with the showers and the shines in their turn,
And sometimes a storm which would cause me to mourn—
To bring you the news !

"And now, my good patrons, let us square our newspaper accounts —you with me, and I with the printers, on the first week of October next.

JOSEPH SMITH.

September 10, 1811."

Capt. Charles Emery, who died October 10, 1811, aged thirty-one years, was interred with military honors, attended by a very numerous and respectable concourse ; nearly four hundred of whom followed his remains to " the house appointed for all living."

Died suddenly in this town, December 28, 1811, (at Mrs. Duncan's,) Hannah Shapley, aged eleven years. Her death was occasioned by a fall — her head striking the door-step before her body reached the ground. The neck was so injured that she expired immediately.

On Saturday morning, February 15, 1812, a fire broke out in the building occupied by Messrs. Mann & Robertson, traders, and Capt. George W. Rogers, cabinet-maker, which stood on the spot where Mr. Richard Herbert now lives. The shavings and other combustible materials soon enveloped the upper part of the building in flames, and it was consumed. The fire greatly endangered the "Upper Bank," which, however, was preserved by the spirited exertions of the citizens, with the help of Concord engine No. 1 — the only fire engine then in town. The bank vault was then in a small building adjoining the house now owned by Rev. Dr. Bouton, and the north room of said house was the office of the Cashier and Directors. The house was entirely cleared — the windows and doors taken out, in the expectation that its

destruction was inevitable. The contents of the vault were also removed to a place of safety.

COLD WINTER.

We believe there has not been within the recollection of the oldest inhabitants a winter in which the cold has been so severe and of such long continuance. Even now the sleighing is good in the interior of the State, and the Merrimack is in most places passable on the ice.*

About one hundred feet of Concord bridge was carried away by the ice, Sunday morning, April 12th.

Mr. Stephen Swett, of the U. S. army, was drowned in the Merrimack river, July —, supposed to have entered in, in a deranged state. He leaves a wife and several children in Andover.

In March, 1813, a mail commenced running between Concord and Amherst, through Dunbarton, Bedford and Goffstown.

CONCORD PRICE-CURRENT IN TIME OF THE WAR—1813.

Corn, \$1,12½ to \$1,33; rye, \$1,33; wheat, \$2,00; oats, 50 cents per bushel. Veal, 4 to 6 cents per pound; butter—very scarce—20 cents per pound.

A child of Mr. Ephraim Farnum was killed by the falling of stones from a wall.†

On the 3d of September, 1813, Joseph, son of Mr. Joseph Wheat, of Concord, was drowned in Merrimack river.

A society was formed in Concord this year, "*for discountenancing vice and immorality*," of which Rev. Asa McFarland was president, and George Hough secretary. In December a petition was forwarded to Congress, praying that restrictions might be laid upon "the distillation of bread-stuffs into ardent spirits," as a means of remedy for the exorbitant price of provisions, and to check the growing evil of intemperance.

In January, 1814, the members of "the Concord Female Charitable Society," with other ladies of Concord, raised and transmitted the sum of one hundred and sixty-four dollars and

* *Patriot*, March 31, 1812. † *Ib.*, July 6th.

seventy-seven cents to Portsmouth, to be distributed among the women and children who are sufferers by the late calamitous fire in that place.

In 1814 a bounty of one hundred and twenty-four dollars was offered to soldiers who should enlist in the United States service, one hundred and sixty acres of land, and eight dollars per month, with rations and clothing.

Master Francis Thompson, son of Hon. Thomas W. Thompson, aged ten years, was drowned in Merrimack river, on Wednesday evening, June 22, 1814, while bathing. He was accompanied by Hamilton Hutchins, John B. Chandler, and Artemas Davidson. The place where the occurrence took place was then known as Sandy Point, — the bend in the river about a mile south-east of the State House. The companions of Thompson were terrified, ran home so soon as they saw what had happened, and gave no alarm. In the night, Hutchins being aroused from sleep, and enquired of what had become of Thompson, said, "he is in the river."

A resolve passed the Legislature of New-Hampshire in June, 1814, authorizing the Directors of the State Prison to request the Rev. Dr. McFarland to attend prayer with the convicts on the Lord's day, and furnish each occupied cell of the prison with a Bible and Hymn book.

LIST OF TOWN OFFICERS,
REPRESENTATIVES, DELEGATES AND JURORS,
FROM 1805 TO 1815.

	<i>March 12, 1805.</i>	<i>March 11, 1806.</i>
<i>Moderator,</i>	Jonathan Wilkins, Esq. . .	Timothy Walker, Esq. . .
<i>Clerk,</i>	John Odlin.	John Odlin.
<i>Selectmen,</i>	{ Jonathan Wilkins,	Ebenezer Dustin,
	{ John West,	Enoch Coffin,
	{ Amos Abbot, Jr.	Edmund Leavitt.
	{ Jeremiah Virgin,	Timothy Carter,
<i>Constables and Collect'rs,</i>	{ Richard Herbert, Jr., . . .	Peter Robertson,
	{ Eliphalet Emery.	Isaac Emery.
<i>Tythingmen,</i>	{ Abel Hutchins,	Edmund Leavitt,
	{ Peter Swan.	Samuel Davis.

<i>Sealer of Leather,</i>	David Hall.	David Hall.
<i>Sealer of Wts. and Meas.,</i>	David Hall.	David Hall.
	Asa Graham,	Joseph Walker,
	Reuben Goodwin,	Abel Hutchins,
	Anthony Potter,	Samuel Butters,
	Charles Eastman,	Jeremiah Virgin,
	Joseph Knowles,	Nathaniel Ambrose,
	Enoch Coffin,	Moses Gale,
	Timothy Chandler,	Mellen Kimball,
<i>Surveyors of Highways,</i>	Jonathan Wilkins,	Moses Farnum,
	Asa Abbot,	Jonathan Johnson,
	Joseph Dow,	Joseph Elliot, Jr.,
	John Garvin,	Israel Dimond,
	Ballard Hazeltine,	Moses Hall,
	Joseph Elliot, Jr.,	Jesse Baker,
	Moses Abbot,	Reuben Abbot, Jr.,
	Moses Swett,	Benjamin Wheeler,
	Isaac Dimond,	John Garvin,
		Peter C. Farnum.
	Benjamin Kimball,	John West,
<i>Fence-viewers,</i>	Richard Herbert, Jr.,	Edmund Leavitt,
	Capt. Richard Ayer,	William Wheeler.
	Jacob Eastman,	
	Daniel Kendall.	
<i>Field-drivers,</i>	James Willey,	David George.
	Jeremiah Pecker, Paul Rolfe,	
	Josiah Whidden.	
	Timothy Butters,	Samuel Willey,
	John Stevens,	Benjamin Paine,
	Timothy Walker, Jr.,	Daniel Virgin,
	Joseph Cutchins,	John Elliot, Jr.,
	James Moulton,	Samuel Dow,
	Daniel Virgin,	John Batchelder,
<i>Hogreeves,</i>	David Goodwin,	Benjamin Abbot, Jr.,
	James Buswell,	William Garvin,
	Daniel Kendall,	George Arlin,
	Benjamin Simpson,	Stephen Chase,
	William Garvin,	Moses Carter, Jr.
	Eben Tenney,	
	Abner Dimond.	
	Samuel Gains,	Daniel Kendall,
	Jacob Eastman,	Sargent Rogers,
	Abel Baker,	Samuel Gains,
<i>Surveyors of Lumber,</i>	Asa Herrick,	Abiel Virgin,
	John Kimball,	George W. Rogers,
	John Thompson,	Daniel Newell,
	Chandler Lovejoy,	Abel Baker,
	Abiel Virgin.	Jacob Hoyt,
		Moody Dow.
<i>Pound-keepers,</i>	David George,	David George, Jr.,
	Charles Eastman.	Charles Eastman.
<i>Representative,</i>	William A. Kent.	Samuel Green, Esq.
<i>Grand Juror,</i>	Richard H. Ayer.	Capt. Sherb'ne Wiggin.
<i>Petit Jurors,</i>	Capt. Richard Ayer,	Ens. Jonathan Virgin,
	Stephen Ambrose, Esq.,	Daniel Kendall.
	Charles Emery,	James Willey,
<i>Corders of Wood,</i>	Stephen Ambrose,	John Thorndike,
	James Willey,	Stephen Ambrose.
	John Thorndike.	
	James Moulton,	John Thompson,
<i>Cullers of Staves,</i>	Sargent Rogers,	Henry Moulton.
	Samuel Gains,	
	Daniel Newell, Richard Wood.	

<i>Auditors,</i>	{	John Roach,	Capt. Ayer,
		Benjamin Emery,	Capt. Emery,
		Paul Rolfe. . . .	Maj. Chandler.
		March 10, 1807.	March 8, 1808.
<i>Moderator,</i>		Timothy Walker, Esq.	Timothy Walker, Esq.
<i>Clerk,</i>		John Odlin. . . .	John Odlin.
<i>Selectmen,</i>	{	Ebenezer Dustin,	Enoch Coffin,
		Enoch Coffin,	Samuel Butters,
		Edmund Leavitt. . . .	Timothy Carter.
<i>Constables and Collect'rs,</i>	{	Timothy Carter,	Samuel Davis,
		Joshua Abbot, Jr.,	Moses Ayer,
		Eliphalet Emery. . . .	Timothy Bradley.
<i>Tythingmen,</i>	{	Ebenezer Dustin,	Nathan Ballard, Jr.,
		Enoch Coffin,	Ephraim Carter,
		Edmund Leavitt. . . .	Levi Abbot.
<i>Sealer of Leather,</i>		David Hall.	
<i>Sealer of Wts. and Meas.,</i>		David Hall. . . .	Timothy Chandler.
		Abel Hutchins,	Timothy Chandler,
		Timothy Butters,	Timothy Butters,
		Levi Abbot,	Daniel Kendall,
		Zenas Wheeler,	Israel Dimond,
		Stephen Webster, Jr.,	Ephraim Farnum, Jr.,
		Abiel Walker,	Moody Dow,
		Isaac Dow,*	Thomas Abbot,
		Ephraim Colby,	Enoch Hoit,
		Enoch Farnum,	Enoch Brown,
		Henry Martin, Jr.,	Stephen Ambrose,
		Joseph Elliot, Jr.,	Nathaniel Ambrose,
		Jacob Eastman,	Ebenezer Tenney,
		John Lovejoy,	John Thompson,
		Abiel Eastman,	Joseph Morse,
<i>Surveyors of Highways,</i>		William Hoit,	Peter Farnum,
		John Garvin,	Moses Carter,
		Zebediah Farnum. . . .	Joshua Abbot, Jr.
		Joseph Walker,	Paul Rolfe,
		John Thorndike,	John Thorndike,
		Stephen Ambrose,	Enoch Coffin,
		John Thompson,	Isaac Dow,
		Timothy Bradley,	Timothy Bradley.
		Ballard Hazeltine.	
		Abiel Walker,	John Odlin,
		Jonathan Perkins,	Bowen Crehore,
		Isaac Shute,	Abner Farnum, Jr.,
		Isaac Eastman,	Timothy Butters,
		David Garvin,	Chandler Eastman,
	<i>Hogreeves,</i>		Abel Baker,
		Joseph Colby, Jr.,	James Moulton,
		Benjamin Emery, Jr.,	Peter Flanders,
		Abel Clough. . . .	Timothy Dow,
			David Kimball.
<i>Surveyors of Lumber,</i>		George W. Rogers,	Sargent Rogers,
		Sargent Rogers,	George W. Rogers,
		Samuel Gains,	James Willey,
		Abiel Virgin,	Abiel Virgin,
		Joseph Dow,	Abel Baker,
		John Lovejoy,	Samuel Davis,
		Abel Baker,	Daniel Newell.
		Jacob Eastman, Daniel Newell.	
		David George, Jr.,	David George,
		Charles Eastman,	James Moulton.
<i>Representative,</i>		Samuel Green, Esq.,	Samuel Green, Esq.
<i>Grand Juror,</i>		Capt. Sherburne Wiggin. . . .	Capt. Richard Ayer.

*Excused. Moses Farnum substitute.

<i>Petit Jurors,</i>	{ Capt. Jacob Eastman, . . . Timothy Chandler, Richard H. Ayer. Peter Robertson. Charles Emery, Sargent Rogers, John Thorndike, Charles Emery,
<i>Corders of Wood,</i>	{ James Willey, James Willey, Obadiah Kimball, Jonathan Eastman, Jr., Sargent Rogers. Isaac Eastman.
<i>Hay-ward,</i>	{ Sherburne Wiggin.
<i>Cullers of Staves,</i>	{ James Moulton, { James Moulton, William Garvin. { Joseph Runnels, Nathan Ballard.
<i>Auditors,</i>	{ Paul Rolfe, Benjamin Emery, Benjamin Emery, Paul Rolfe, Jonathan Wilkins. Stephen Ambrose.
<i>Fire-wards,</i>	{ Benjamin Kimball, Jr., . . . Timothy Chandler, Nathaniel Abbot, Joseph Walker, Sargent Rogers, Paul Rolfe. Timothy Chandler, Paul Rolfe.
<i>March 14, 1809.</i>	
<i>Moderator,</i>	William A. Kent. William A. Kent.
<i>Clerk,</i>	John Odlin. John Odlin.
<i>Selectmen,</i>	{ John Odlin, Nathaniel Abbot, Amos Abbot, Jr., Edmund Leavitt, Nathaniel Abbot. Sherburne Wiggin.
<i>Constables and Collect'rs,</i>	{ Levi Bartlett, Charles Emery,* James Buswell, Reuben Goodwin, John Bradley, Jr. James Buswell.
<i>Sealer of Leather,</i>	Abiel Walker. David Hall.
<i>Sealer of Wts. and Meas.,</i>	Timothy Chandler. Timothy Chandler.
<i>March 13, 1810.</i>	
<i>Surveyors of Highways,</i>	{ John Corliss, Moses Carter, Nathaniel Bradley, Daniel Hall, Ezra Hutchins, Stephen Webster, Timothy Hazeltine, Timothy Butters, Abel Hutchins, Peter Robertson, Eliphalet Emery, Nathan Stickney, Timothy Walker, Jr., Isaac Dow, Joseph Elliot, Jr., Samuel Davis, David Carter, Timothy Dow, Benjamin Simpson, Ezra Elliot, Moses Abbot, Moody Dow, Laban Page, Christopher Rowell, Jr., . . . Isaac Farnum, John Garvin, John Garvin, Jeremiah Pecker, Jeremiah Pecker, Nathaniel Ambrose, Timothy Bradley, Jonathan Virgin, Moses Kimball, Asa Kimball. Jonathan Virgin, Daniel Virgin.
<i>Surveyors of Lumber,</i>	{ John Ladd, Josiah Rogers, James Willey, Porter Blanchard, Abel Baker, Abiel Virgin, Moody Dow, John Thompson, Peter C. Farnum, John Lovejoy, Ezra Hutchins, Abel Baker, Abiel Virgin, Peter Farnum, John Lovejoy, Benjamin Swain, George W. Rogers, George W. Rogers, John Thompson, James Willey. Josiah Rogers. { Reuben Goodwin, Charles Emery, John Colby.
<i>Field-drivers,</i>	{

* Collector.

<i>Fence-viewers,</i>	{ John Colby, Peter C. Farnum, Stephen Ambrose, Richard Herbert, Jr.	{ Capt. Richard Ayer, Timothy Bradley, Abiel Walker, Timothy Butters, Jeremiah Chandler.
<i>Hogreeves,</i>	{ Seth Tucker, Samuel Green, Nathaniel Bradley, Samuel Currier, Joshua Abbot, Jr., Samuel Butters, Moses Elliot, Isaac Emerson, James Elliot, John Bradley, Jr., Chandler Eastman, Jonathan Goodwin, William Hoit, Moses Kimball.	{ William Shute, Benjamin Powell, Asaph Evans, Daniel Greenleaf, Samuel Kimball, David Davis, John Hoit, James Moulton, William Garvin, Philbrick Bradley, John H. Durgin.
<i>Pound-keepers,</i>	{ Joseph Walker, James Moulton.	{ Joseph Walker, James Moulton.
<i>Representative,</i>	{ Stephen Ambrose.	{ Stephen Ambrose.
<i>Grand Juror,</i>	{ Capt. Richard Ayer.	
<i>Petit Jurors,</i>	{ Jonathan Wilkins, Capt. Peter Robertson.	
<i>Corders of Wood,</i>	{ James Willey, David George, George Hough, Isaac Dow, Isaac Eastman, Josiah Rogers.	{ James Willey, George Hough, John West, Jr., John George, Francis N. Fisk, Edmund Leavitt.
<i>Culler of Staves,</i>	{ James Moulton, James Willey, Joseph Runnels.	{ James Moulton, Joseph Runnels, Richard Wood.
<i>Auditors of Accounts,</i>	{ Capt. Edmund Leavitt, Joseph Walker, Richard Ayer.	{ Capt. Richard Ayer, Capt. Benja. Emery, Jeremiah Pecker.
<i>Fire-wards,</i>	{ Timothy Chandler, Abel Hutchins, Stephen Ambrose, Paul Rolfe, Abiel Walker.	{ Timothy Chandler, Josiah Rogers, Abiel Walker, Paul Rolfe, Stephen Ambrose, George W. Rogers.
<i>March 12-13, 1811.</i>		
<i>Moderator,</i>	{ Richard Ayer.	{ William A. Kent.
<i>Clerk,</i>	{ John Odlin.	{ John Odlin.
<i>Selectmen,</i>	{ Nathaniel Abbot, Edmund Leavitt, Abiel Walker.	{ Nathaniel Abbot, Amos Abbot, Jr., Abiel Walker.
<i>Constables,</i>	{ Nathan Stickney, Josiah Rogers, Nathaniel Ambrose.	
<i>Collector,</i>	{ Nathan Stickney.	
<i>Constables and Collect'rs,</i>		{ Moses Flanders, Moses Ferrin, Richard Bradley, Edmund Leavitt.
<i>Tythingmen,</i>	{ Thomas W. Thompson, Arthur Rogers.	{ Thomas Abbot, Moses Abbot, Jr.
<i>Sealer of Wts. and Meas.,</i>	{ Timothy Chandler.	{ Timothy Chandler.
<i>Field-drivers,</i>	{ Nathaniel G. Bradley, Timothy Bradley, Jr., Benjamin Kimball.	

<i>Surveyors of Highways,</i>	{ Jonathan Wilkins, . . .	{ Moses Carter,
	{ James Ayer, . . .	{ Moses Hall,
	{ Samuel Herbert, . . .	{ Ezra Hutchins,
	{ James Corliss, . . .	{ Timothy Butters,
	{ William Shute, . . .	{ Abel Hutchins,
	{ Ezra Hutchins, . . .	{ William Garvin,
	{ Abner Farnum, Jr., . . .	{ Orlando Brown.
	{ Joseph Dow, . . .	{ Timothy Carter,
	{ Timothy Carter, . . .	{ Daniel Fisk,
	{ Joseph Hoit, . . .	{ Samuel Davis,
	{ Abel Baker, . . .	{ Ephraim Colby,
	{ Samuel Davis, . . .	{ Samuel Runnels,
	{ Isaac Farnum, . . .	{ Marshall Baker,
	{ Charles Eastman, . . .	{ Charles Eastman,
	{ Timothy Bradley, . . .	{ Mellen Kimball,
	{ Joseph Potter, . . .	{ Nathaniel Ambrose,
	{ Jonathan Virgin, . . .	{ Hazen Virgin,
<i>Fence-viewers, . . .</i>	{ John Garvin, . . .	{ Benjamin Kimball,
	{ Benjamin Kimball, . . .	{ Samuel Trumble,
		{ Henry Rolfe,
		{ Richard Bradley.
	{ Peter C. Farnum, . . .	{ John Thorndike,
	{ Jeremiah Pecker, . . .	{ Jacob Eastman,
	{ William Stickney, . . .	{ John Ballard.
	{ Asaph Evans, . . .	{ Samuel Willey,
	{ Benjamin Damon, . . .	{ Thomas Wilson, Jr.,
	{ David Davis, . . .	{ Benjamin Kimball, Jr.,
<i>Hogreeves, . . .</i>	{ Moses Ferrin, . . .	{ Bela Carter,
	{ James Moulton, . . .	{ Keyes Powell,
	{ William Tay, . . .	{ Orlando Brown,
	{ Keyes Powell, . . .	{ James Moulton,
	{ John Ballard, . . .	{ Jonathan Abbot, Jr.,
	{ Jeremiah Chandler, . . .	{ Ezra Hoit,
	{ Samuel E. Scales, . . .	{ Timothy Bradley.
	{ Timothy Bradley,	
	{ Oliver Hoit.	
		{ Samuel Butters, Jr.,
<i>Surveyors of Lumber, . .</i>	{ James Willey, . . .	{ George W. Rogers,
	{ George W. Rogers, . . .	{ Abiel Virgin,
	{ Josiah Rogers, . . .	{ Nathaniel Bradley,
	{ Edmund Leavitt, . . .	{ Moses Ferrin,
	{ Isaac Dow, . . .	{ Joseph Runnels,
<i>Pound-keepers, . . .</i>		{ Abel Baker, Jr.,
		{ Hazen Virgin,
		{ Stephen Webster,
<i>Representatives, . . .</i>	{ Joseph Walker, . . .	{ John Thompson.
	{ James Moulton, . . .	{ James Moulton,
	{ Stephen Ambrose, . . .	{ Joseph Walker.
<i>Grand Juror, . . .</i>	{ Thomas W. Thompson, . . .	{ Stephen Ambrose,
	{ Benjamin Kimball, Jr., . . .	{ Tho's W. Thompson.
<i>Petit Jurors, . . .</i>	{ Edmund Leavitt.	{ Edmund Leavitt.
	{ Richard Ayer,* . . .	{ Joshua Abbot, Jr.,
	{ William Austin, . . .	{ John Eastman.
<i>Corders of Wood, . .</i>	{ Stephen Ambrose.	
	{ Charles Emery, . . .	{ John George,
	{ James Willey, . . .	{ Asaph Evans,
	{ Isaac Dow, . . .	{ George Hough,
	{ Josiah Rogers, . . .	{ Isaac Dow,
<i>Cullers of Staves, . .</i>	{ Edmund Leavitt.	{ Stephen Ambrose,
		{ Abel Houghton.
		{ Samuel Butters,
	{ James Moulton, . . .	{ Joseph Runnels,
	{ Joseph Runnels, . . .	{ James Moulton,
	{ James Willey, . . .	{ George W. Rogers,
		{ Stephen Chase.

* Excused.

<i>Auditors,</i>	{ William A. Kent,	Enoch Coffin,
	{ Sherburne Wiggin,	Charles Walker,
	{ Charles Emery,	Tho's W. Thompson.
		{ Josiah Rogers,
		George W. Rogers,
		Seth Tucker,
	{ Josiah Rogers,	Abiel Walker,
	{ Timothy Chandler,	Peter Robertson,
	{ George W. Rogers,	Asaph Evans,
<i>Fire-wards,</i>	{ Benjamin Kimball, Jr.,	Benjamin Kimball, Jr.,
	{ Stephen Ambrose,	Chandler Eastman,
	{ Isaac Dow,	Jeremiah Pecker,
	{ Ezra Hutchins,	Isaac Dow,
		Orlando Brown,
		Ezra Hutchins,
		Daniel Clark.
<i>March 9-10, 1813.</i>		
<i>Moderator,</i>	William Austin Kent.	Thos. W. Thompson.
<i>Clerk,</i>	John Odlin.	John Odlin.
	{ Nathaniel Abbot,	Nathaniel Abbot,
<i>Selectmen,</i>	{ John Odlin,	Nathaniel Ambrose,
	{ Amos Abbot,	Nathan Stickney.
	{ Josiah Rogers,	Timothy Bradley,
	{ Richard Bradley,	Benjamin Emery,
<i>Constables,</i>	{ Isaac Eastman,	Bela Carter,
	{ Orlando Brown,	Joshua Abbot, Jr.,
	{ Benjamin Abbot, 3d. . . .	Orlando Brown.
	{ O. Brown,	T. Bradley,
<i>Collectors,</i>	{ J. Eastman,	B. Emery,
	{ B. Abbot, 3d. . . .	B. Carter.
<i>Tythingmen,</i>	{ James Corliss,	Nathan Ballard, Jr.,
	{ Thomas Abbot,	George W. Rogers.
<i>Sealer of Wts. and Meas.,</i>	Timothy Chandler.	Timothy Chandler.
	{ William Abbot,	Isaac Shute,
	{ James Hall,	Josiah Rogers,
	{ Ezra Hutchins,	Benjamin Wheeler,
	{ Nathan Abbot, 3d,	Richard Trow,
	{ Henry Rolfe,	Ezra Hutchins,
	{ Enoch Brown,	Jere'h Pecker,
	{ Abel Hutchins,	Reuben Goodwin,
	{ Orlando Brown,	Hosea Virgin,
	{ Enoch Hoit,	Abiel Eastman,
	{ Benjamin Kimball,	Nathaniel Abbot,
<i>Surveyors of Highways,</i>	{ Timothy Dow,	Moses Harriman,
	{ Moody Dow,	Nathan Abbot,
	{ Christopher Rowell,	Jonathan Elliot,
	{ Ebenezer Fisk,	Joseph Knowles,
	{ Isaac Emerson,	Samuel Abbot,
	{ John Garvin,	Benjamin Kimball.
	{ Charles Eastman,	John Thompson,
	{ Anthony Potter,	Samuel Davis,
	{ Nathaniel Ambrose,	Joseph Runnells,
	{ Jacob Hoit,	James Hoit,
	{ Samuel Kimball,	Isaac Farnum.
	{ Benjamin Kimball.	
		{ Ephraim Carter,
<i>Fence-viewers,</i>	{ John Thorndike,	John Thorndike,
	{ Benjamin Emery, Jr.,	Chandler Eastman,
	{ Moses Ferrin,	Samuel Bradley,
		Abiel Walker.
<i>Pound-keepers,</i>	{ Joseph Walker,	Abiel Walker,
	{ James Moulton,	Charles Eastman.

	Timothy Butters,	James Willey,
	Moses Hall,	Isaac Hill,
	Levi Abbot, Moses Shute,	James Buswell,
	Daniel Coolidge,	Charles Eastman,
	Benjamin Emery,	Chandler Lovejoy,
	Francis N. Fisk,	Asa Graham,
	John Flanders,	Thomas Potter,
<i>Hogreeves,</i>	Abel Baker,	Timothy Abbot, Jr.,
	Reuben Johnson,	Joseph Runnells,
	Jonathan Runnells,	Jedediah Hoit,
	Benjamin Elliot,	Robert Knowlton,
	Benjamin Kimball, 3d,	Richard Trow,
	James Moulton,	Isaac Colby,
	Robert Adams, Isaac Virgin,	Bowen Crehore.
	Hazen Virgin, Eben'r Lovejoy,	
	Dudley Ladd,	Abiel Virgin,
	Josiah Rogers,	Nathaniel G. Bradley,
	George W. Rogers,	Joseph Dow,
	Chandler Eastman,	Moses Bullen,
	Moses Ferrin,	Stephen Webster,
<i>Surveyors of Lumber,</i>	Abiel Virgin,	Robert Davis, Jr.,
	Stephen Webster,	Nathan Abbot, 3d,
	Samuel Davis,	John Lovejoy,
	Abel Baker, Jr.,	Benjamin Swain,
	Samuel Butters,	Moses Ferrin,
	Benjamin Swain,	Abel Baker,
	John Lovejoy,	Bowen Crehore.
<i>Representatives,</i>	Stephen Ambrose,	Thos. W. Thompson,
	Thomas W. Thompson,	Richard Ayer.
<i>Grand Jurors,</i>		Enoch Coffin,
		Abiel Walker,
		William Low.
<i>Petit Jurors,</i>		Nathaniel Abbot,
		B. Hazeltine,
		F. N. Fisk,
		Asaph Evans.
<i>Corders of Wood,</i>	James Willey,	Daniel Cooledge,
	John George,	George W. Rogers,
	Stephen Ambrose,	Isaac Dow,
	O. Brown,	John George,
	Samuel Bradley,	Stephen Ambrose,
	Abel Houghton,	Edmund Leavitt,
		Asaph Evans.
<i>Cullers of Staves,</i>	James Moulton,	Joseph Runnells,
	Stephen Chase,	Stephen Chase,
	Samuel Butters,	Samuel Butters,
	Joshua Abbot, Jr.,	Samuel Bradley,
	Joseph Runnells,	Moses Ferrin.
<i>Auditors, †</i>	Timothy Chandler,	William A. Kent.
	John Thorndike,	Stephen Ambrose,
	Seth Tucker,	Timothy Chandler.
	Josiah Rogers,	Abiel Walker,
	James Willey,	George W. Rogers,
	Timothy Chandler,	Josiah Rogers,
	Seth Tucker,	James Hall,
	George W. Rogers,	Isaac Dow,
<i>Fire-wards,</i>	Benjamin Kimball, Jr.,	Nathan Stickney,
	Abiel Walker,	Jeremiah Pecker,
	Orlando Brown,	Timothy Chandler,
	Isaac Dow,	Isaac Shute,
	Stephen Ambrose,	Orlando Brown,
	Jeremiah Pecker,	Stephen Ambrose,
	Ezra Hutchins,	Pearl Kimball.